ISSMGE TC211 Ground Improvement





Noël Huybrechts BBRI & KU Leuven Chairman Jérôme Racinais Menard group Vice-chairman Nicolas Denies BBRI Secretary

Period 2013 - 2017 with principal theme: "Design, Quality Control and Quality Assurance for GI works"

1. TC211 Workshop in Edinburgh (September 15th 2015) – Progress in QC/QA for GI works

XVI ECSMGE 2015

13-17 September 2015 - Edinburgh



Antonio Viana Da Fonseca (Portugal)

Design, Quality Control and Quality Assurance

Richard Jewell (UK) and Nicolai Volkov (Russia)

In-situ test and ground improvement in permafrost

Henk Van De Graaf (Netherlands)

Quality control of ground improvement by in-situ and laboratory testing

Jerome Racinais (France)

Calibration of rigid inclusion parameters based on pressuremeter test results

Jimmy Wehr (Germany)

Real-time quality monitoring and result verification by static and dynamic trial loading of piles in marine clay

Wim Maekelberg (Belgium)

GI techniques applied for the new railway construction works in Mechelen, Belgium

TC 211 WORKSHOP – Progress in QC/QA for GI works

Presentations available on the TC website

- 1. TC211 Workshop in Edinburgh (September 15th 2015) Progress in QC/QA for GI works
- 2. TC211 Workshop in Guimarães (October 16th and 17th 2015) GI and soil stabilization



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AGSSEA

19TH SOUTHEAST ASIAN GEOTECHNICAL CONFERENCE & 2ND AGSSEA CONFERENCE

Deep Excavation and Ground Improvement

31 May - 3 June 2016

Dorsett Grand Subang, Subang Jaya, Malaysia

Period 2013 - 2017 with principal theme: "Design, Quality Control and Quality Assurance for GI works"

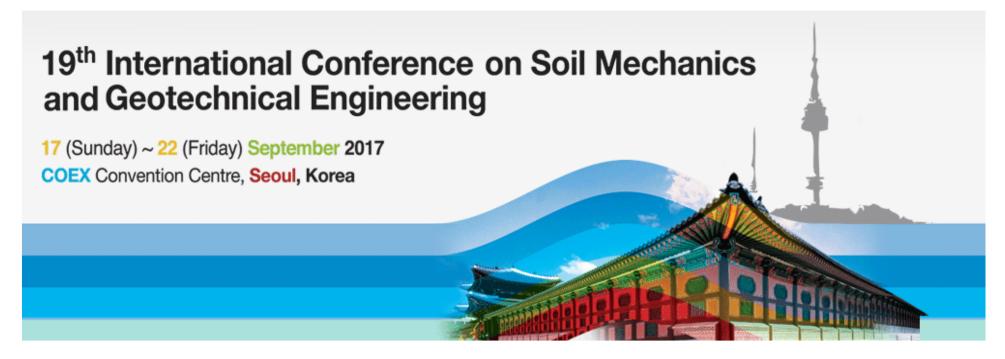
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Presentations available on the TC website

- 1. Development of Deep Soil Mixing Technique for Earth Retention in Malaysia by Raju V.R. et al.
- 2. Artificial Ground Freezing to Remediate the Construction of a Shaft of a Water Supply System in Bueno Aires, Argentina by Lancellotta G. et al.
- 3. Lightweight Fill to Reduce Settlement on Bridge Approach Embankments Treated with Vibro Stones Columns by Chwee A.Y.L. and E.G. Balakrishnan
- 4. Design and Construction of Ground Improvements to Mitigate Liquefaction, a Case History from MacKays to Peka Peka Expressway, New Zealand by Robins, P and T. Pervan
- 5. Pilot tests on methods to form working platform on very soft clay by Guo W.
- 6. Ground Improvement for Tanks by Hamidi B. and S. Varaksin
- 7. Recent Advancements in the Application of Vaccuum Pressure for Consolidating Soft Soil by Zhong R., Indraratna B. and C. Rujikiatkamjorn
- 8. Twenty years of CMC successful application by Racinais J., Thomas B. and R. Ong

To purchase the proceedings of the 19th Southeast Asian Geotechnical Conference, kindly email to andrita@iemasb.com or serena@iem.org.my

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- 4. TC211 ACTIVITIES IN SEOUL 2017



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4. TC211 ACTIVITIES IN SEOUL 2017

Organization of the 4 Discussion Sessions dedicated to GI works on September 20 and 21:

Session 1 dedicated to the GI works without admixtures and inclusions,

Sessions 2 and 3 dedicated to the GI works with admixtures and inclusions,

Session 4 dedicated to GI works with grouting type admixtures.

according to the GI categories of the SoA Report of our TC.



ICSMGE Alexandria 2009

17TH International Conference on Soil Mechanics & Geotechnical Engineering

State of the Art Report

Construction Processes Procédés de Construction

Jian Chu

Nanyang Technological University, Singapore

Serge Varaksin

Menard, France

Ulrich Klotz

Zublin International GmbH, Germany

Patrick Mengé

Dredging International n.v., DEME, Belgium



NOTA: TC 17 meeting ground improvement - 07/10/2009

Website: www.bbri.be/go/tc17

r GI works"

	ation of ground improvement methods adopted			
Category	Method	Principle		
A Ground	A1. Dynamic compaction	Densification of granular soil by dropping a heavy weight from air onto ground.		
improvement	A2. Vibrocompaction	Densification of granular soil using a vibratory probe inserted into ground.		
without	A3. Explosive compaction	Shock waves and vibrations are generated by blasting to cause granular soil ground		
admixtures in		to settle through liquefaction or compaction.		
non-cohesive	A4. Electric pulse compaction	Densification of granular soil using the shock waves and energy generated by		
soils or fill		electric pulse under ultra-high voltage.		
materials	A5. Surface compaction (including rapid	Compaction of fill or ground at the surface or shallow depth using a variety of		
materials	impact compaction).	compaction machines.		
	B1. Replacement/displacement (including	Remove bad soil by excavation or displacement and replace it by good soil or rocks.		
	load reduction using light weight	Some light weight materials may be used as backfill to reduce the load or earth		
	materials)	pressure.		
B. Ground	B2. Preloading using fill (including the	Fill is applied and removed to pre-consolidate compressible soil so that its		
improvement	use of vertical drains)	compressibility will be much reduced when future loads are applied.		
without	B3. Preloading using vacuum (including	Vacuum pressure of up to 90 kPa is used to pre-consolidate compressible soil so that its compressibility will be much reduced when future loads are applied.		
admixtures in	combined fill and vacuum)			
cohesive soils	B4. Dynamic consolidation with enhanced	Similar to dynamic compaction except vertical or horizontal drains (or together with		
(also see	drainage (including the use of vacuum)	vacuum) are used to dissipate pore pressures generated in soil during compaction.		
Table 4)	B5. Electro-osmosis or electro-kinetic	DC current causes water in soil or solutions to flow from anodes to cathodes which		
	consolidation	are installed in soil.		
	B6. Thermal stabilisation using heating or	Change the physical or mechanical properties of soil permanently or temporarily by		
	freezing	heating or freezing the soil.		
	B7 Hydro-blasting compaction	Collapsible soil (loess) is compacted by a combined wetting and deep explosion		
	Claccification	and all Constant all all all all all all all all all al		
(C Brown Con Charles	Holistic interest and a state with the life manager of the gravel or sand to form columns.		
C. Ground	C2. Dynamic replacement	Aggregates are driven into soil by high energy dynamic impact to form columns. The backfill can be either sand, gravel, stones or demolition debris.		
improvement	C3. Sand compaction piles	Sand is fed into ground through a casing pipe and compacted by either vibration,		
with admixtures	C3. Sand compaction piles	dynamic impact, or static excitation to form columns.		
or inclusions	C4. Geotextile confined columns	Sand is fed into a closed bottom geotextile lined cylindrical hole to form a column.		
or meranous	C5. Rigid inclusions (or composite	Use of piles, rigid or semi-rigid bodies or columns which are either premade or		
	foundation, also see Table 5)	formed in-situ to strengthen soft ground.		
	C6. Geosynthetic reinforced column or	Use of piles, rigid or semi-rigid columns/inclusions and geosynthetic girds to		
	pile supported embankment C7. Microbial methods	enhance the stability and reduce the settlement of embankments.		
		Use of microbial materials to modify soil to increase its strength or reduce its permeability.		
1	C8 Other methods	Unconventional methods, such as formation of sand piles using blasting and the use		
		of bamboo, timber and other natural products.		
	D1. Particulate grouting	Grout granular soil or cavities or fissures in soil or rock by injecting cement or other		
		particulate grouts to either increase the strength or reduce the permeability of soil or		
D.O. 1	70.00	ground.		
D. Ground	D2. Chemical grouting	Solutions of two or more chemicals react in soil pores to form a gel or a solid		
improvement		precipitate to either increase the strength or reduce the permeability of soil or		
with grouting		ground.		
type admixtures	D3. Mixing methods (including premixing	Treat the weak soil by mixing it with cement, lime, or other binders in-situ using a		
	or deep mixing)	mixing machine or before placement		
	D4. Jet grouting	High speed jets at depth erode the soil and inject grout to form columns or panel		
	D5. Compaction grouting	Very stiff, mortar-like grout is injected into discrete soil zones and remains in a		
		homogenous mass so as to densify loose soil or lift settled ground.		
	D6. Compensation grouting	Medium to high viscosity particulate suspensions is injected into the ground		
		between a subsurface excavation and a structure in order to negate or reduce		
		settlement of the structure due to ongoing excavation.		
	E1. Geosynthetics or mechanically	Use of the tensile strength of various steel or geosynthetic materials to enhance the		
E. Earth	stabilised earth (MSE)	shear strength of soil and stability of roads, foundations, embankments, slopes, or		
reinforcement		retaining walls.		
	E2. Ground anchors or soil nails	Use of the tensile strength of embedded nails or anchors to enhance the stability of		
		slopes or retaining walls.		
	E3. Biological methods using vegetation	Use of the roots of vegetation for stability of slopes.		
	- Action			

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according to the GI categories of the SoA Report of our TC.

+ GENERAL REPORT of the papers by Noël Huybrechts, Nicolas Denies, Jeroen Dijkstra, Cholachat

Rujikiatkamjorn, Jérôme Racinais & Almer van der Stoel

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- + Organization of a common TC211-TC218 Workshop on Sept. 20 on the topic of

"MSE Walls and Reinforced Soil Slopes"

SESSION 1-9:00 to 10:30 (duration = 90 minutes)

Provisional title of the presentation or topic	NAME OF THE SPEAKER	COMPANY	COUNTRY	Duration (minutes)		
Introduction to the TC211 activities	Noël Huybrechts – chairman TC211	Belgian Building Research Institute	Belgium	10 minutes		
Introduction to the TC218 activities Presentation of the new TC218	John Sankey – chairman TC218	Terre Armée	USA	10 minutes		
PRESENTATION 1 Overview of MSE Wall & Anchor Solutions	John Sankey	Terre Armée	USA	20 minutes		
PRESENTATION 2 Mining Applications of MSE Walls	Gary Power	The Reinforced Earth Company	Australia	20 minutes		
PRESENTATION 3 Use of Polymeric Geogrids in Structures with Non-Standard Reinforced Fills	Chaido Doulala-Rigby (Yuli)	Tensar International Ltd	UK	20 minutes		
DISCUSSION/QUESTIONS 10 minutes						

SESSION 2 - 11:00 to 12:30 (duration = 90 minutes)

PRESENTATION 4	Pietro Rimoldi	Maccaferri	Italy	20 minutes		
Hybrid reinforced soil structures with			-			
primary and secondary reinforcement						
for high walls and slopes						
PRESENTATION 5	Yoshihisa Miyata	National Defense	Japan	20 minutes		
Seismic Considerations for Reinforced		Academy				
Soil Slopes and MSE Walls						
PRESENTATION 6	Oliver Detert	Huesker	Germany	20 minutes		
Special Solutions with Geosynthetic						
MSE Walls						
PRESENTATION 7	Kent P. von Maubeuge	NAUE GmbH &	Germany	20 minutes		
Earth Pressure Distribution in the		Co. KG				
Facing Area of Geogrid Reinforced						
Earth Structures – Field						
Measurements and Design Practice						
DISCUSSION/QUESTIONS 10 minutes						

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+ Organization of a common TC211-TC218 Workshop on Sept. 20 on the topic of

"MSE Walls and Reinforced Soil Slopes"

+ Organization of the 4th Louis Ménard Lecture on the topic of

"Advancing the State-of-the-Art in Soft Soil Stabilisation

- From Conceptual Fundamentals to Field Applications"

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Previous Louis Ménard Lectures
Jean-Louis Briaud (18th ICSMGE, Paris 2013)
Patrick Mengé (IS-GI Brussels, 2012)
Clyde N. Baker (ISP-5, Paris 2005)

4th Louis Ménard Lecture on the topic of "Advancing the State-of-the-Art in Soft Soil Stabilisation

From Conceptual Fundamentals to Field Applications

by Prof. Buddhima Indraratna (University of Wollongong)



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- + strong collaborations with
- The DEEP FOUNDATIONS INSTITUTE DFI



For this conference, TC211 members were actively participating with presentations of Abir Al-Tabbaa, Antonio Alberto Correia, Nicolas Denies, Stefan Larsson, Mitsuo Nozu, Michał Topolnicki...











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- The ETC 3 (European Technical Committee 3 Piles)





elgian Member Society of ISSMGE co-organized by our Chairman, Noël Huybrechts and focusing on the design of pile foundations in Europe

Design of Piles in Europe

How did Eurocode 7 change daily practice?

International Symposium 28 and 29 April 2016, Leuven, Belgium



Special keynote lecture written by our TC 211 members: S. Varaksin, B. Hamidi, N. Huybrechts and N. Denies: "Ground improvement vs. pile foundations?" highlighting the fundamental differences between the design of pile foundations and the design of rigid inclusions including (or not) a load transfer platform

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- the TC102 In situ testing (cf. Workshop Edinburgh with the keynote of Antonio Viana da Fonseca, the Chairman of the TC102)
- the new TC 218 Reinforced fills (cf. common Workshop TC211-TC218 organized in Seoul 2017)

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- + participations to dedicated publications

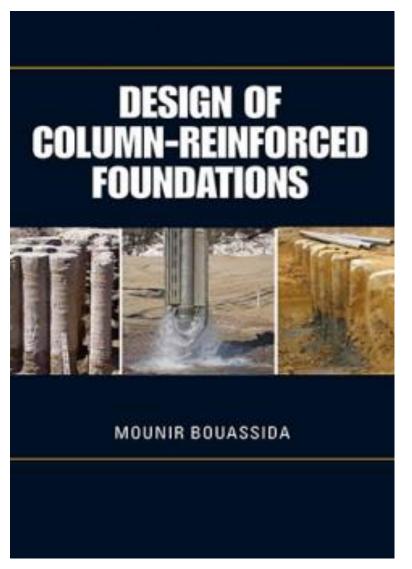






- Design and Execution
- soon available in English!!!
- Last review in progress
- Taylor and Francis publisher





Period 2017 - 2021 introducing a new principal theme:

"Innovations in design, execution and QA/QC of Ground Improvement works"

new BOARD of the TC211:

Chair: Noël Huybrechts (Belgium Building Research Institute – BBRI and KU Leuven – Belgium)

Vice Chair: Jérôme Racinais (Menard group, France)

Secretary: Nicolas Denies (Belgium Building Research Institute - BBRI – Belgium)

Members nominated by the Chair:

- 1. B. Hamidi (Menard, Australia)
- 2. Michał Topolnicki (Keller group, Poland)
- 3. S. Varaksin (Apageo, France)
- 4. To be confirmed

Period 2017 - 2021:

"Innovations"

new Terms of reference of the TC211:

- 1. Launch of a new TC211 website more information will be sent to the TC members in the near future
- 2. Abandoning the Newsletters for a more dynamic way of communication (short and more regular)
- 3. Participate by **dedicated workshops** in the international conferences **inviting TC members to contribute** to the knowledge and develop the addressed themes
- 4. Promote the activities and the links with other organizations or TC's (in particular the Deep Foundations Institute DFI, the EFFC, the TC 102 In situ testing and the new TC218 Reinforced fills)
- 5. Introduce a **new principal theme** for the period:
 - "Innovations in design, execution and QA/QC of Ground Improvement works"
- 6. Organize two main TC211 WORKSHOPS at the ECSMGE Reykjavik 2019 and ICSMGE Sydney 2021 based on the new principal theme "Innovations"
- 7. Organize the next Louis Ménard Lecture in Sydney 2021
- 8. The board currently studies the opportunity to organize a new International Symposium IS-GI Brussels

Period 2017 - 2021:

COMING SOON - The TC211 will be in Rome:



DFI-EFFC International Conference on Deep Foundations and Ground Improvement: *Urbanization and Infrastructure* Development-Future Challenges

June 05, 2018 - June 08, 2018 Sapienza University Rome, Italy

Period 2017 - 2021:

COMING SOON - The TC211 will be in Rome:

International Conference on Deep Foundations and **Ground Improvement Urbanization and Infrastructure Development: Future Challenges**



http://www.dfi.org/dfieventlp.asp?13310

https://www.regonline.com/builder/site/default.aspx?EventID=2088920

Session Keynote Lecturers



Maurice Bottiau SESSION: Deep Foundation Technologies



Alessandro Flora SESSION: Ground Modification Technologies



Noel Huybrechts SESSION: Ground Modification <u>Technologies</u>



Giuseppi Lunardi SESSION: Design and Modeling Criteria



Alessandro Mandolini SESSION: Design and Modeling Criteria



Massimo Mucci SESSION: Project Information Management System (PIMS)



Giovanni Vaciago SESSION: Contracts and Geotechnical Investigation



Giulia Viggiani SESSION: Deep Foundation Technologies